

HISTORY

Q1. The Great Bath of the Indus Valley Civilization was discovered in

- (a) Harappa
- (b) Lothal
- (c) Mohenjodaro
- (d) Ropar

Ans. (c)

Q2. The Indus Valley people had trade relations with

- (a) Egypt
- (b) Greece
- (c) Ceylon
- (d) Mesopotamia

Ans. (d)

Q3. Which is the oldest Veda?

- (a) Yajur Veda
- (b) Atharva Veda
- (c) Rig Veda
- (d) Sama Veda

Ans. (c)

Q4. The Gayatri Mantra contained in the Rig Veda is dedicated to which deity?

- (a) Agni
- (b) Marut
- (c) Surya
- (d) Savitri

Ans. (d)

Q5. Who was the first king to have the image of Lord Buddha inscribed on his coins?

- (a) Ashoka
- (b) Kanishka
- (c) Dharmapala
- (d) Harshvardhan

Ans. (b)

Q6. The Puranas are _____ in number

- (a) 52
- (b) 18
- (c) 108
- (d) 100

Ans. (c)

Q7. The Council of 'Nine Gems' is associated with

- (a) Ballala Sena
- (b) Harshavardhana
- (c) Chandragupta II
- (d) Devapala

Ans. (c)

Q8. Bimbisara was the ruler of

- (a) (a) Magadh (b) Avadh
- (b) (c) Kamboja (d) Gandhara

Ans. (a)

Q9. Which of the following was a saint of the Bhakti Movement in Bengal?

- (a) Kabir (b) Tulsidas
(c) Vivekananda (d) Chaitanya

Ans. (d)

Q10. Kanchi was the capital of

- (a) Pallavas (b) Rashtrakutas
(c) Chalukyas (d) Cholas

Ans. (a)

Q11. The court language of Mughals was

- (a) Arabic (b) Hindi
(c) Persian (d) Urdu

Ans. (c)

Q12. Who initiated Din – I – Ilahi?

- (a) Akbar (b) Shahjehan
(c) Aurangjeb (d) Jahangir

Ans. (a)

Q13. When did Vasco da Gama come to India?

- (a) 1492 (b) 1498
(c) 1398 (d) 1542

Ans. (b)

Q14. Sarnath's Lion Capital is attributed to

- (a) Kanishka (b) Harshavardhana
(c) Ashoka (d) Chandragupta

Ans. (c)

Q15. The mausoleum of Sher Shah is at

- (a) Delhi (b) Sasaram
(c) Agra (d) Lahore

Ans. (b)

Q16. Which art did Jehangir mainly patronize?

- (a) Sculpture (b) Architecture
(c) Music (d) Painting

Ans. (d)

Q17. Ajanta paintings depict scenes from

- (a) Ramayana (b) Mahabharata
(c) Jatakas (d) Upanishads

Ans. (c)

Q18. The term 'Macedonia's Madman' referred to

- (a) Phillip II (b) Xerxes
(c) Darius (d) Alexander

Ans. (d)

Q19. The Battle of Plassey was fought in the year

- (a) 1576 (b) 1757
(c) 1761 (d) 1775

Ans. (b)

Q20. The strategy of 'divide and rule' was adopted by

- (a) Lord Curzon (b) Lord Minto
(c) Lord Wellesley (d) Lord Canning

Ans. (b)

Q21. Who started the 'Bhoodan Movement'?

- (a) Mahatama Gandhi (b) Jayaprakash Narayan
(c) Swami Vivekananda (d) Acharya Vinoba Bhave

Ans. (d)

Q22. Who was the political guru of Gandhiji?

- (a) Dadabhai Naoroji (b) Bal Gangadhar Tilak
(c) Gopal Krishna Gokhale (d) Lala Lajpat Rai

Ans. (c)

Q23. Which Mughal king tried to stop the practice of sati?

- (a) Akbar (b) Humayun
(c) Aurangzeb (d) Shahjehan

Ans. (c)

Q24. Who died because of 'hunger strike' in jail?

- (a) Jatin Das (b) Bhagat Singh
(c) Rajguru (d) Chandrasekhar Azad

Ans. (a)

Q25. Who led the Quit India Movement in the absence of Mahatma Gandhi?

- (a) Sardar Patel (b) Aruna Asaf Ali
(c) Jawaharlal Nehru (d) Sarojini Naidu

Ans. (b)